



Use of Portable Air Filtration Devices in Penn Schools/Centers Specific to COVID-19 Management

Summary

Portable air filtration devices, or portable air cleaners, are devices that remove particles (including respiratory droplets) from the air in indoor spaces. Portable air cleaners are commonly used in residences and small office spaces to remove allergens and dust from the air. Portable air cleaners can be effective at removing respiratory droplets containing SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, because of the size of the droplets. However, many commercially available portable air cleaners have not been tested for that specific application.

Portable air cleaners are often not necessary for COVID-19 infection management in a well-ventilated building where the majority of the population is vaccinated. Penn's multi-faceted COVID-19 management program includes building ventilation optimization and community vaccination among other measures. As such, portable air cleaners do not need to be considered for most workspaces, common areas and educational spaces at Penn. There may be some isolated scenarios where portable air cleaners provide additional benefit beyond the COVID-19 management measures already in place. Those few areas would be identified based on risk assessment parameters such as the community incidence rate, vaccination and masking compliance expectations for the space, and expected occupant density. Contact EHRS to assist with a risk evaluation.

How to Select a Unit for Your Workspace

In most cases, a portable air cleaner provides little benefit as a COVID-19 infection control measure and is not recommended. In cases where they may provide a benefit, we offer the following information to guide you in the selection of portable air cleaners for your workspace (**Table 1**).

High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) mechanical filtration devices are the only allowable option for portable air filtration devices at Penn. HEPA devices capture airborne particles on a filter within the unit. HEPA devices are at least 99.97% effective at capturing airborne particles, including airborne respiratory droplets. HEPA filtration devices often come with activated carbon filters for removal of odors and volatile organic compounds. Many chemical or electrical air treatment devices exist on the market. Ultraviolet germicidal irradiation devices, chemical air treatment devices and electrical charge-based air treatment devices are prohibited.



September 21, 2021

Room Size (Examples)	Available HEPA Filtration Units (Click for Weblink)	Air Cleaning Details ^{1,2}	Noise Rating (dBA)	Power Consumption (W)	Unit Price ³	Replacement Filter Price ³ (Cost for 1 year of filters)
100 – 175 ft ²	BlueAir Blue Pure 411+	CADR = 105 cfm, ACH = $4.5 - 7.9$ hr ⁻¹	17 - 46	10	\$140	\$38
(Small office,	Honeywell HPA100 and HPA104	CADR = 100 cfm, ACH = $4.3 - 7.5$ hr ⁻¹	Not listed	50 (appx)	\$140	\$79
cubicle spaces,	Honeywell InSight HPA5100B and HPA5100W	CADR = 114 cfm, ACH = 4.9 – 8.6 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	60 (appx)	\$160	\$84
bathrooms)	Whirlpool Whispure Medium Tower WPT60	CADR = 67 cfm, ACH = 2.9 – 5.0 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	32	\$116	\$72
	Fellowes AeraMax 90 ⁴	CADR = 68 cfm, ACH = 2.9 – 5.1 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	51	\$210	\$58
	Fellowes AeraMax Pro AM2 ⁴	CADR = 100 cfm, ACH = 4.3 – 7.5 hr ⁻¹	45 - 64	55	\$1080	\$233
	Sharp True HEPA Air Purifier FPF30UH	CADR = 92 cfm, ACH = 3.9 – 6.9 hr ⁻¹	23 - 46	50 (appx)	\$120	\$26
_	Whirlpool Whispure Large Tower WPT80	CADR = 142 cfm, ACH = 4.3 – 6.1 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	43	\$168	\$98
$175 - 250 \text{ ft}^2$	Levoit Core 200S Smart True HEPA Air Purifier	CADR = 118 cfm, ACH = $3.5 - 5.1$ hr ⁻¹	24 - 48	37	\$90	\$60
(Large office, small huddle or group	Levoit Core 300 True HEPA Air Purifier	CADR = 141 cfm, ACH = $4.2 - 6.0$ hr ⁻¹	24 - 50	45	\$100	\$60
meeting room, small conference	Airthereal APH230C Air Purifier	CADR = 135 cfm, ACH = 4.1 – 5.8 hr ⁻¹	24 - 49	60	\$90	\$52
room)	Coway Airmega 150	CADR = 138 cfm, ACH = 4.1 – 5.9 hr ⁻¹	24 - 48	35	\$190	\$50
	Fellowes AeraMax 190 ⁴	CADR = 126 cfm, ACH = 3.8 – 5.4 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	62	\$300	\$80
250 - 400 ft ²	BlueAir Blue Pure 311 Auto	CADR = 244 cfm, ACH = 4.6 – 7.3 hr ⁻¹	23 - 53	35	\$250	\$40
(Conference room, meeting room,	Honeywell HPA200 and HPA204	CADR = 200 cfm, ACH = 3.8 – 6.0 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	85 (appx)	\$198	\$84
small reception area/lobby)	Honeywell InSight HPA5200B and HPA5200W	CADR = 226 cfm, ACH = 4.2 - 6.8 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	95 (appx)	\$230	\$104
	Coway Airmega 250	CADR = 249 cfm, ACH = 4.7 – 7.5 hr ⁻¹	24 - 51	64	\$400	\$79
	Fellowes AeraMax 290 ⁴	CADR = 191 cfm, ACH = 3.6 – 5.7 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	86	\$380	\$103
	Fellowes AeraMax Pro AM3 line ⁴	CADR = 220 cfm, ACH = 4.1 – 6.6 hr ⁻¹	38 - 67	100	\$1470	\$522



Environ	mental Health & Radiation Safety		September 21,	2021		
Room Size (Examples)	Available HEPA Filtration Units (Click for Weblink)	Air Cleaning Details ^{1,2}	Noise Rating (dBA)	Power Consumption (W)	Unit Price ³	Replacement Filter Price ³ (Cost for 1 year of filters)
$400 - 550 \text{ ft}^2$	BlueAir Blue Pure 211+	$CADR = 350 \text{ cfm}, ACH = 4.8 - 6.1 \text{ hr}^{-1}$	31 - 56	61	\$300	\$120
(Training room/large	Honeywell HPA300 and HPA304	CADR = 300 cfm, ACH = 4.1 – 5.1 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	130 (appx)	\$350	\$79
conference room,	Honeywell InSight HPA5300B and HPA5300W	CADR = 335 cfm, ACH = 4.6 – 6.0 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	140 (appx)	\$290	\$99
reception area, small shop,	Whirlpool Whispure WP500 and WP1000	CADR = 315 cfm, ACH = 4.3 – 5.9 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	110	\$314	\$110
breakroom)	Whirlpool Whispure WPPRO2000	CADR = 328 cfm, ACH = 4.5 – 6.1 hr ⁻¹	Not listed	115	\$414	\$154
	Levoit VeSyncCore 400S Smart Air Purifier	CADR = 260 cfm, ACH = 3.5 – 5.1 hr ⁻¹	24 - 52	38	\$220	\$100
	Levoit LV-H133 Tower HEPA Air Purifier	CADR = 274 cfm, ACH = 3.7 – 6.0 hr ⁻¹	25 - 54	47	\$200	\$126
	Levoit LV-H134 Tower Pro HEPA Air Purifier	CADR = 312 cfm, ACH = 4.3 – 5.8 hr ⁻¹	23 - 57	45	\$300	\$126
	Coway Airmega 300	CADR = 325 cfm, ACH = 4.4 – 5.9 hr ⁻¹	22 - 52	57	\$549	\$99
550 - 850 ft ²	BlueAir Classic 605	CADR = 500 cfm, ACH = 4.4 – 6.8 hr ⁻¹	33 - 62	100	\$500	\$136
(Large breakroom	BlueAir Pro L	$CADR = 450 \text{ cfm}, ACH = 4.0 - 6.1 \text{ hr}^{-1}$	32 - 55	170	\$980	\$238
with kitchen and eating areas,	<u>Coway Airmega 400</u>	CADR = 420 cfm, ACH = 3.7 – 5.7 hr ⁻¹	22 - 52	66	\$649	\$129
classrooms, shop areas)	Fellowes AeraMax Pro AM4 line ⁴	CADR = 440 cfm, ACH = 3.9 – 6.0 hr ⁻¹	42 - 68	166	\$2457	\$522

¹CADR = Clean Air Delivery Rate. This value is the amount of clean air output by the unit specific to removal of smoke-sized particles in the air. ²ACH = Clean Air Change Rate. This value is the effective clean air turnover per hour in the room size range provided, and does not represent additional air changes for the room in which the device is placed.

³Prices current as of September 2021, actual price may vary.

⁴CAUTION: This device contains a bipolar ionizer (plasma ionizer). Bipolar ionizer use is not permitted at Penn. The PlasmaTrueTM bipolar ionizer must be operated in the OFF mode.



September 21, 2021

When used in a workplace, portable air cleaners must be appropriately sized for the space in order to provide an air cleaning benefit. Generally, the larger a room, the less effective the air cleaner will be when used in that room. See Table 1 for general size information. We have provided generic examples of the types of areas associated with the recommended room sizes for each unit; however, it is best to individually match units to room size. Multiple units can serve a single space; for example, two units designed to be used individually in a 300 ft² space may be used in a 600 ft² space.

Although unnecessary in most indoor spaces, portable air cleaners may be used in offices, conference rooms, classrooms, workshops, waiting areas, reception areas, small exercise facilities and other small- to medium-sized public spaces (**Figure 1**). Portable air cleaners must not be used in laboratories and procedure rooms with single-pass ventilation (100% outside air ventilation, no recirculation) because they may disrupt the designed air flow in those spaces. Portable air cleaners provide no benefit in outdoor spaces.

Placement of the Device

Place the device in an open area; portable air cleaning devices should not be placed in corners, closets, or other closed-in spaces that inhibit air flow. The device should be placed such that air does not directly blow across an individual's workspace. Ensure that the device and its power cord are properly secured to prevent trip hazards.

Maintenance of the Device

Portable air filtration device maintenance should be performed according to the manufacturer instructions. Generally, devices contain a pre-filter that can be vacuumed with a standard vacuum cleaner and internal filters (including the carbon filter and the HEPA filter, which may be separate or combined) that require replacement on a regular schedule.

 PORTABLE AIR CLEANER USE ALLOWABLE IN:
• Offices
• Classrooms
• Workshops
Waiting rooms
Small exercise facilities
 Other small-to-medium sized public spaces
PORTABLE AIR CLEANERS PROHIBITED IN:
PORTABLE AIR CLEANERS PROHIBITED IN: Laboratories
• Laboratories
 Laboratories Procedure rooms
 Laboratories Procedure rooms Clinical areas

Figure 1: Portable Air Cleaner Use Guidelines

September 21, 2021



Other Important Considerations

The noise generated by a portable air cleaner is an important consideration. Additional noise can be disruptive to staff, faculty and students using indoor spaces. Noise rating ranges are provided by the manufacturer (ranges are provided because the noise produced differs by speed setting). For reference, the noise rating of a standard kitchen refrigerator is approximately 50 dB.¹

Many portable air cleaners also contain activated carbon filters as part of the filtration chain. Activated carbon serves to remove odorous compounds and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from the room air. Activated carbon filter-containing units are encouraged for use based on their effectiveness for VOC removal, but the presence of activated carbon has no effect on viral load reduction in air.

Do Not Use: Ultraviolet Germicidal Irradiation (UVGI)

Ultraviolet germicidal irradiation (UVGI) units generate ultraviolet radiation to deactivate viruses and microbes in room air. Ultraviolet radiation can be damaging to eyes and skin with improperly or unsafely installed ultraviolet air cleaners. **Penn EHRS prohibits the use of UVGI systems in portable air filtration devices.**

Do Not Use: Other Chemical or Electrical Air Treatment Technologies

Bipolar ionization devices (also called plasma ion devices) and photocatalytic oxidation devices may generate ozone, a toxic gas, in indoorspaces. Additionally, peroxide and chemical fogging disinfection devices can generate reactive oxygen species and other harmful airborne chemicals that have adverse effects on indoor air quality. As such, **PennEHRS prohibits the use of bipolar ionization, photocatalytic oxidation, or chemical disinfection portable air filtration devices.** Some devices in Table 1 (see footnote 4) have switched bipolar ionization; the bipolar ionization mode must be turned OFF in these devices.

¹ <u>https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2018-07/documents/guide_to_air_cleaners_in_the_home_2nd_edition.pdf</u>