Biology Buildings Laboratory Infectious Waste Disposal Guide*

* For research laboratories located in Leidy, Lynch Laboratories, and the Neural & Behavioral Sciences Building. Procedures may vary in other University spaces. For more information on infectious waste, consult the University's Biological Safety Manual (https://ehrs.upenn.edu/health-safety/biosafety/biological-safety-manual), or refer questions about the disposal of sharps to EHRS at 215-898-4453 or email the office at ehrs@ehrs.upenn.edu.

Container Type	Glassware/ Plasticware Waste Container	Infectious Waste Sharps Container**	Infectious Waste Bags	Infectious Waste Liquid Containers
Contents	Uncontaminated laboratory glassware and plasticware. Chemical bottles must be triple rinsed and label defaced. Line cardboard glassware boxes with clear, heavy plastic liner. Do not use biohazard boxes or red/orange bags to collect glass/plasticware waste under any circumstances.	Infectious waste sharps including: All needles, syringes, and blades; broken or unbroken glass and plasticware that has contacted infectious agents or was used in animal or human patient care or treatment, including plastic pipettes and other used plasticware that is recognizable after autoclaving or made of plastic that shatters on breakage or is considered breakable by the investigator. Chemical-contaminated sharps waste (trace amount): Dispose of in Reusable Sharps Container -or- segregate into disposable sharps containers labeled "Chemical Contaminated Sharps Waste-Do Not Autoclave" Non-infectious Sharps (needles, syringes, and blades): Dispose in a sharps container through the infectious waste stream. Containers of non-infectious sharps are discarded as infectious waste in designate receptacles. NOTE: Non-infectious sharps may be commingled with infectious waste sharps or chemical-contaminated sharps waste. If this is done, they must be managed as described for the respective category of sharps.	All contaminated laboratory items NOT considered sharps, including used plasticware that is deformed after autoclaving or made of polyethylene (PE), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), and other thermoplastic polymers provided they do not shatter on breakage or are considered unbreakable by the investigator.	Infectious waste fluids (volumes greater than 20 cc).
Reusable	NO	Reusable sharps containers – YES Disposable sharps containers – NO	NO	YES
Disposal Methods	Seal cardboard box when ¾ full for housekeepers to remove.	Reusable sharps containers: are pickup up at their location by vendor and replaced with clean containers. Disposable sharps containers: Each generator (lab) must properly seal and dispose of disposable sharps containers in designated receptacles located in the autoclave room. Chemical-contaminated sharps waste and Non-infectious Sharps waste (with label defaced): Each generator (lab) is responsible to discard containers into designated receptacles, as described above. Never autoclave chemical-contaminated sharps waste.	Each generator (lab) must properly seal and dispose of infectious waste bags in designated receptacles located in the autoclave room. Biology facilities personnel regularly collect the infectious waste for removal and destruction.	Autoclave liquid or use appropriate disinfectant before pouring into a sanitary sewer drain. The reusable container must be washed and autoclaved before reuse.
Container Source	User must purchase.	<u>Disposable sharps containers</u> : – user must purchase <u>Reusable containers for sharps</u> : – delivered by vendor: Curtis Bay (Mr.Jordan Jaskolka @ 610-741-7517 <u>upenn@curtisbaymws.com</u>)	User must purchase red/orange infectious waste bags.	User must purchase.

^{**} NOTE: All sharps must be disposed of in sharps containers at the time of generations and kept there until final destruction. For more details on how to properly sort and manage disposal of all laboratory sharps waste, consult the EHRS LABORATORY SHARPS WASTE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE (https://ehrs.upenn.edu/health-safety/regulated-waste/sharps-glassware/laboratory-sharps-waste